LINEAR TECHNOLOGY

RS232 Driver/Receiver with Shutdown

FEATURES

- Operates from ±5V to ±15V Supplies
- Fully Protected Against Overload
- Outputs can be Driven ±30V without Damage
- Three-State Outputs; Outputs Open when Off
- Bipolar Circuit—No Latch Up
- ±30V Input Range
- Triple Driver/Receiver
- No Supply Current in Shutdown
- 30kΩ Input Impedance
- Meets All RS232 Specifications
- 16 Pin Version—Pin Compatible with MC145406
- Available in SO Package

APPLICATIONS

- RS232 Interface
- Terminals
- Modems

DESCRIPTION

The LT1039 is a triple RS232 driver/receiver which includes SHUTDOWN. Each receiver will accept up to ±30V input and can drive either TTL or CMOS logic. The RS232 drivers accept TTL logic inputs and output RS232 voltage levels. The outputs are fully protected against overload and can be shorted to ground or up to ±30V without damage to the drivers. Additionally, when the system is shut down or power is off, the outputs are in a high impedance state allowing data line sharing. Bipolar circuitry makes this driver/receiver exceptionally rugged against overloads or **ESD** damage.

A bias pin allows one receiver to be kept on while the rest of the part is shut down.
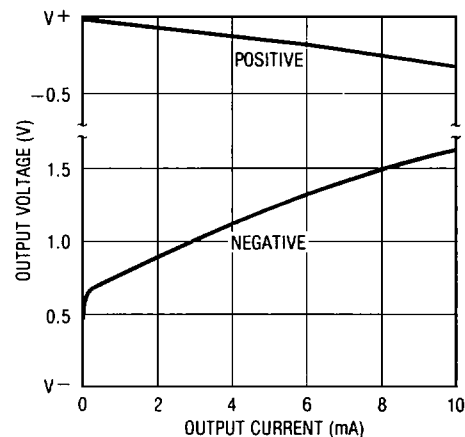
The 1039 is also available in the 16 pin version, without shutdown or bias pin functions.

For applications requiring operation from a single 5V supply, see LT1080/81 datasheet.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

*BIAS PIN USED TO KEEP THE RECEIVER ON WHILE IN SHUTDOWN.
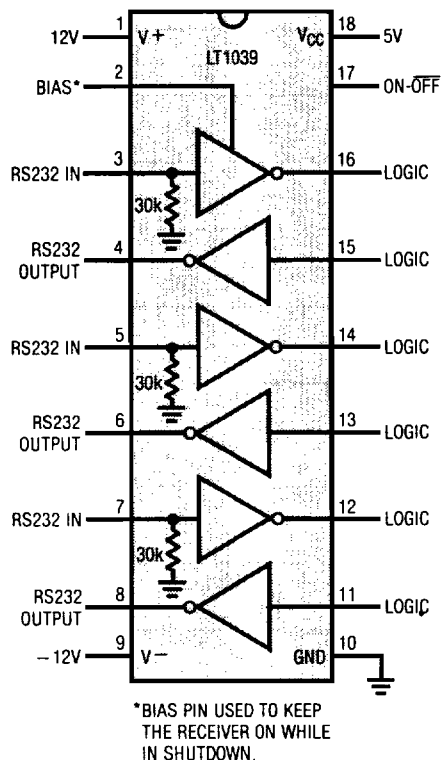
Driver Output Swing

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage
Driver (V +, V −) .... ± 16V
Receiver (V_{CC}) 7V
Logic Inputs .... V − to 25V
Receiver Inputs .... ± 30V
On-$\overline{\text{Off}}$ Input .... GND to 12V
Driver Outputs .... V − + 30V to V + − 30V
Short Circuit Duration .... Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range
LT1039M .... − 55°C to 125°C
LT1039C .... 0°C to 70°C
Guaranteed Functional by Design ..... − 25°C to 85°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) .... 300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

TOP VIEW

V +	1	16	V_{CC}
REC1 IN	2	15	REC1 OUT
TR1 OUT	3	14	TR1 IN
REC2 IN	4	13	REC2 OUT
TR2 OUT	5	12	TR2 IN
REC3 IN	6	11	REC3 OUT
TR3 OUT	7	10	TR3 IN
V −	8	9	GND

LT1039-16

J PACKAGE
16-LEAD CERAMIC DIP

N PACKAGE
16-LEAD PLASTIC DIP

ORDER PART NUMBER

LT1039CN16
LT1039CJ16
LT1039MJ16

TOP VIEW

V +	1	18	V_{CC}
BIAS	2	17	ON-$\overline{\text{OFF}}$
REC1 IN	3	16	REC1 OUT
TR1 OUT	4	15	TR1 IN
REC2 IN	5	14	REC2 OUT
TR2 OUT	6	13	TR2 IN
REC3 IN	7	12	REC3 OUT
TR3 OUT	8	11	TR3 IN
V −	9	10	GND

LT1039

J PACKAGE
18-LEAD CERAMIC DIP

S PACKAGE
18-LEAD PLASTIC SOL

N PACKAGE
18-LEAD PLASTIC DIP

LT1039CN
LT1039CJ
LT1039MJ
LT1039CS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Driver V + = 12V; V − = − 12V; $V_{ON-\overline{OFF}}$ = 2.5V							
Output Voltage Swing	Load = 3k to Ground	Positive	●	V + − 0.4	V + − 0.1		V
		Negative	●	V − + 1.5	V − + 1		V
Logic Input Voltage Levels	Input Low Level (V_{OUT} = High)		●		1.4	0.8	V
	Input High Level (V_{OUT} = Low)		●	2.0	1.4		V
Logic Input Current	$V_{IN} \geq 2.0V$				1	20	µA
	$V_{IN} \leq 0.8V$				5	20	µA
Output Short Circuit Current	Sourcing Current, V_{OUT} = 0V			5	15		mA
	Sinking Current, V_{OUT} = 0V			− 5	− 15		mA
Output Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN (Notes 1 and 2); $V_{OUT} = \pm 18V$, $V_{IN} = 0$		●		10 (25°C)	200	µA
Supply Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN (Note 1)		●		1 (25°C)	100	µA
Slew Rate	$R_L = 3k\Omega$; $C_L = 51pF$			4	15	30	V/µs
Supply Current	V_{OUT} = Low				4	8	mA
Receiver V_{CC} = 5V; $V_{ON-\overline{OFF}}$ = 2.5V							
Input Voltage Thresholds	Input Low (V_{OUT} = High)		●	0.5	1.3		V
	Input High (V_{OUT} = Low)		●		1.7	2.8	V
Hysteresis			●	0.1	0.4	1.0	V
Input Resistance			●		30		kΩ
Output Voltage	Output Low, I_{OUT} = − 1.6mA		●		0.4	0.5	V
	Output High, I_{OUT} = 160µA		●	3.5	4.8		V
Output Short Circuit Current	Sinking Current, $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$		●	− 10			mA
	Sourcing Current, V_{OUT} = 0V (Note 3)		●	0.5	1		mA
Output Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN (Note 1); $0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = 0$		●		1	10	µA
Supply Current			●		4	7	mA

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN (Note 1)	●		1 (25°C)	100	μA
On-Off Pin Current	$0V \le V_{ON\text{-}\overline{OFF}} \le 5V$	●	-15		80	μA

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the operating temperature range.
Note 1: $V_{ON\text{-}\overline{OFF}} = 0.4V$ for $-55°C \le T_A \le 100°C$, and $V_{ON\text{-}\overline{OFF}} = 0.2V$ for $100°C \le T_A \le 125°C$. Does not apply to LT1039-16 part.

Note 2: For $T_A \ge 100°C$, leakage current is 350μA max.
Note 3: For $T_A \le -25°C$, output source current is 0.4 mA.

PIN FUNCTIONS (Pin numbers listed are for 18 pin device).

V+, V- (Pins 1, 9): Driver supply pins. Supply current drops to zero in SHUTDOWN mode. Driver outputs are in a high impedance state when V+ and V- = 0V.

V$_{CC}$ (Pin 18): 5V power for receivers.

GND (Pin 10): Ground pin.

TR IN (Pins 11, 13, 15): RS232 driver input pins. Inputs are TTL/CMOS compatible. Inputs should not be allowed to float. Tie unused inputs to V$_{CC}$.

TR OUT (Pins 4, 6, 8): Driver outputs with RS232 voltage levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in the SHUTDOWN mode or when power is off (V+ and V- = 0V) to allow data line sharing. Outputs are fully short circuit protected from V- +30V to V+ -30V with power on, off, or in the SHUTDOWN mode. Typical output breakdowns are greater than ±45V and higher applied voltages will not damage the device if moderately current limited.

REC IN (Pins 3, 5, 7): Receiver input pins. Accepts RS232 voltage levels (±30V) and has 0.4V of hysteresis to provide noise immunity. Input impedance is nominally 30kΩ.

REC OUT (Pins 12, 14, 16): Receiver outputs with TTL/CMOS voltage levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in the SHUTDOWN mode to allow data line sharing. Outputs are fully short circuit protected to ground or V$_{CC}$ with power on, off, or in the SHUTDOWN mode.

ON-$\overline{OFF}$ (Pin 17): Controls the operation mode of the LT1039 and is TTL/CMOS compatible. A logic low puts the device in the SHUTDOWN mode which reduces input supply current to zero and places both driver and receiver outputs in a high impedance state.
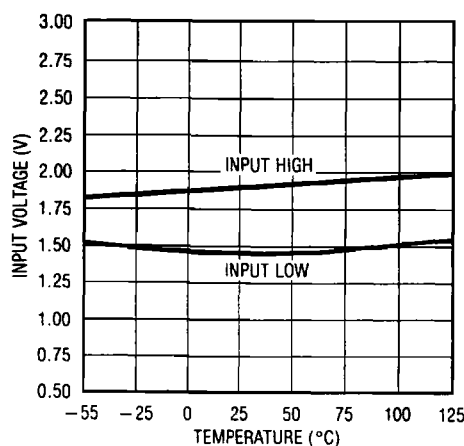
BIAS (Pin 2): Keeps receiver 1 on while the LT1039 is in the SHUTDOWN mode. Leave BIAS pin open when not in use. See Application Hints for proper use.
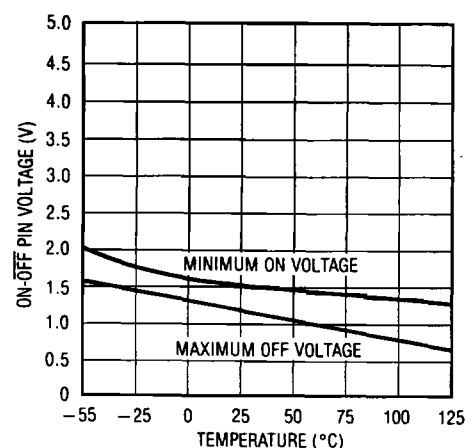
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

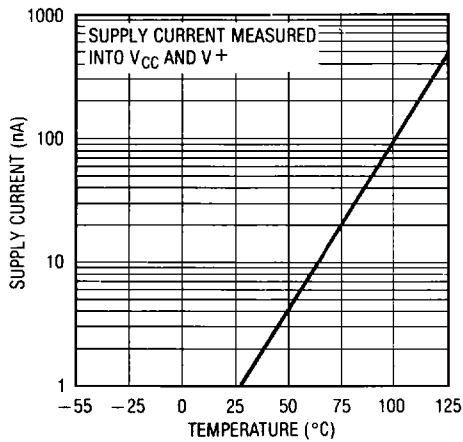**Driver Output Short Circuit Current**
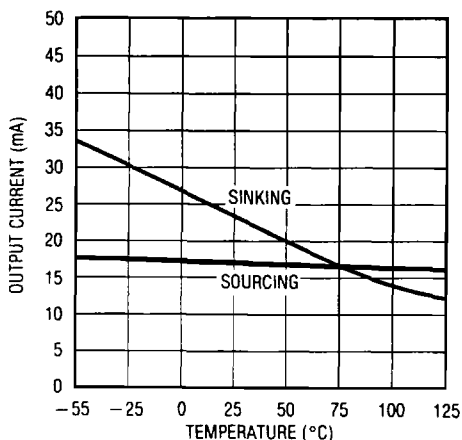
Receiver Input Thresholds
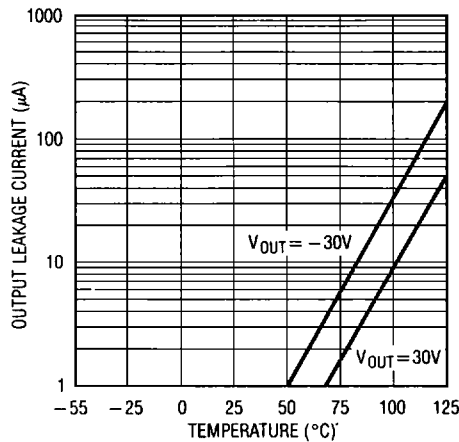
On-Off Pin Thresholds
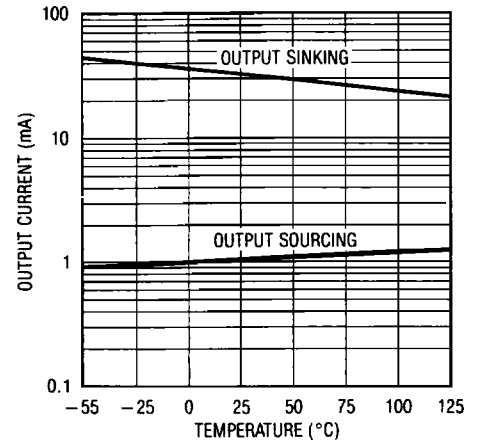
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

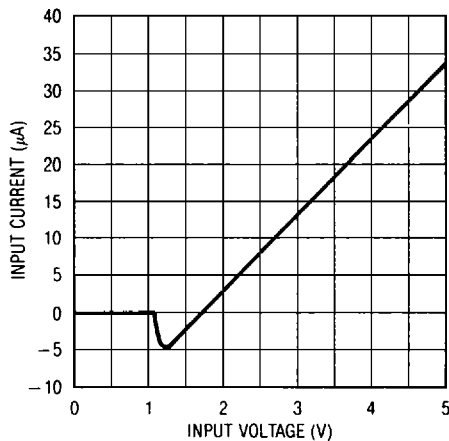### Supply Current in SHUTDOWN

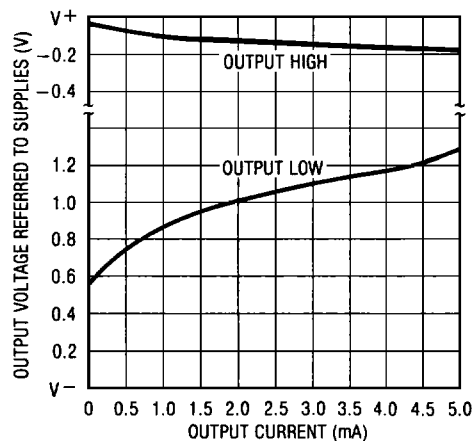### Driver Output Leakage in SHUTDOWN

Receiver Output Short Circuit Current
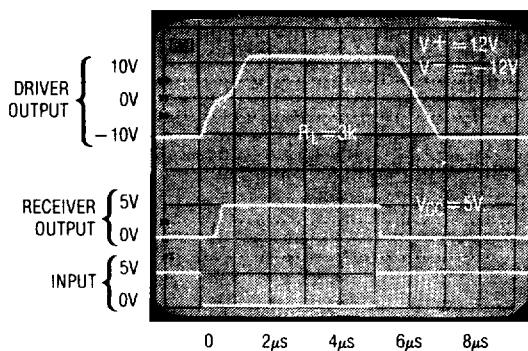

On-Off Pin Current vs Voltage

Driver Output Swing vs Current

Output Waveforms
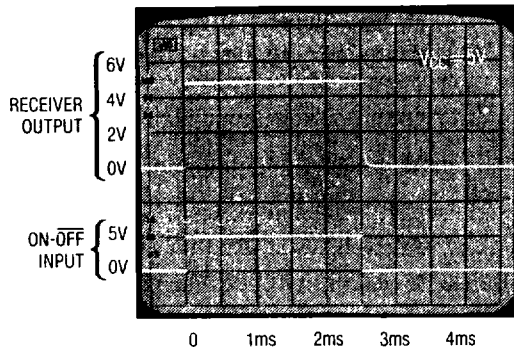

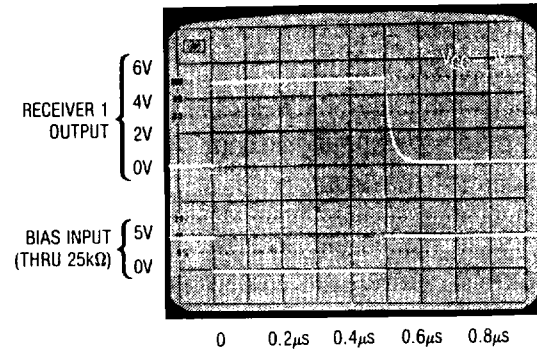### SHUTDOWN to Driver Output

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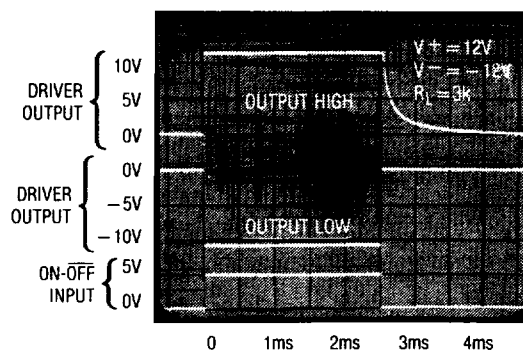
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

SHUTDOWN to Receiver Output

Bias Pin Response Time

TYPICAL APPLICATION

LT1080 (Driver/Receiver with Power Supply) Driving an LT1039
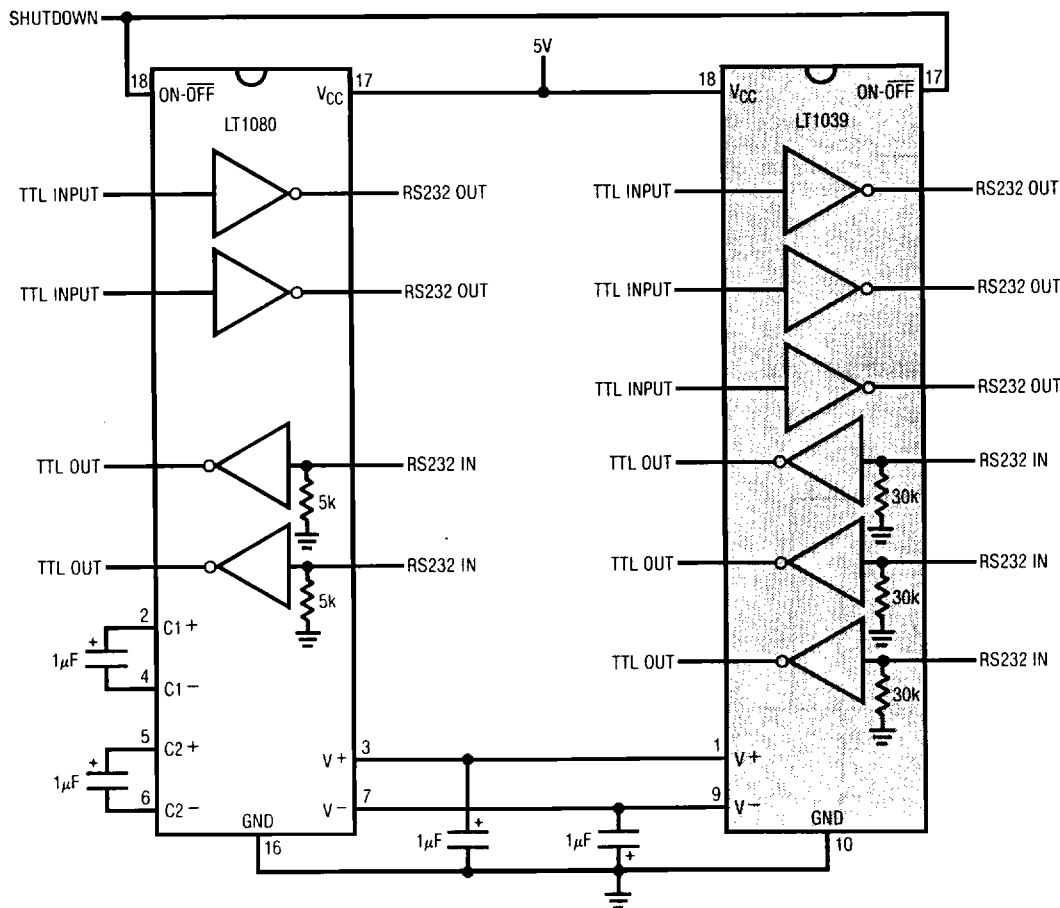
APPLICATION HINTS

The driver output stage of the LT1039 offers significantly improved protection over older bipolar and CMOS designs. In addition to current limiting, the driver output can be externally forced to ±30V with no damage or excessive current flow, and will not disrupt the supplies. Some drivers have diodes connected between the outputs and the supplies, so externally applied voltages can cause excessive supply voltage to develop.

Placing the LT1039 in the SHUTDOWN mode (Pin 17 low) puts both the driver and receiver outputs in a high impedance state. This allows data line sharing and transceiver applications.
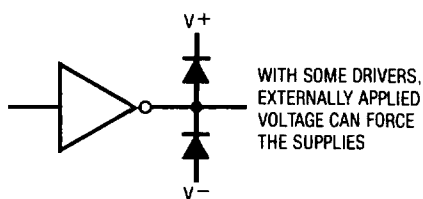
The SHUTDOWN mode also drops all supply currents (V_{CC}, V^+, V^-) to zero for power-conscious systems.

When driving CMOS logic from a receiver that will be used in the SHUTDOWN mode and there is no other active receiver on the line, a 51k resistor can be placed from the logic input to V_{CC} to force a definite logic level when the receiver output is in a high impedance state.
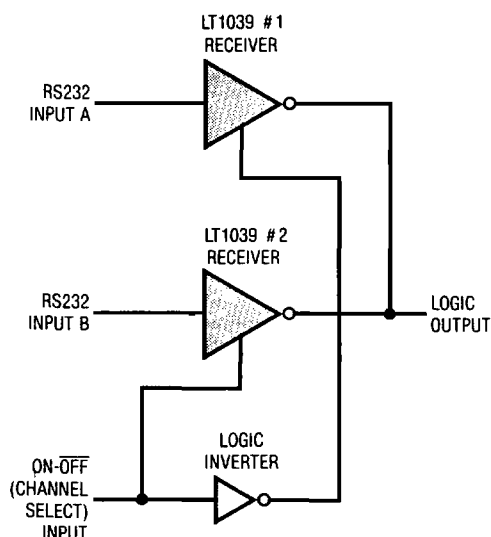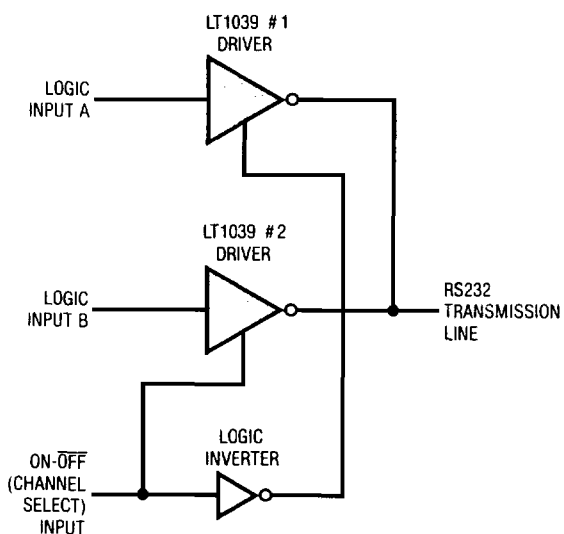
LT1039 Driver

30V
OUTPUT CAN   −30V
BE FORCED
EXTERNALLY
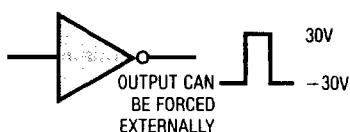
Older RS232 Drivers and Other CMOS Drivers

V+

WITH SOME DRIVERS,
EXTERNALLY APPLIED
VOLTAGE CAN FORCE
THE SUPPLIES

V−

Sharing a Receiver Line

LT1039 #1
RECEIVER

RS232
INPUT A

LT1039 #2
RECEIVER

RS232
INPUT B

LOGIC
OUTPUT

LOGIC
INVERTER

ON-OFF
(CHANNEL
SELECT)
INPUT

Sharing a Transmitter Line

LT1039 #1
DRIVER

LOGIC
INPUT A

LT1039 #2
DRIVER

LOGIC
INPUT B

RS232
TRANSMISSION
LINE

ON-OFF
(CHANNEL
SELECT)
INPUT

LOGIC
INVERTER

Transceiver

LT1039 #1
DRIVER

LOGIC
TRANSMIT/RECEIVE
LINE

RS232
TRANSMIT/RECEIVE
LINE

LT1039 #2
RECEIVER

ON-OFF
(TRANSMIT/
RECEIVE)
INPUT

LOGIC
INVERTER
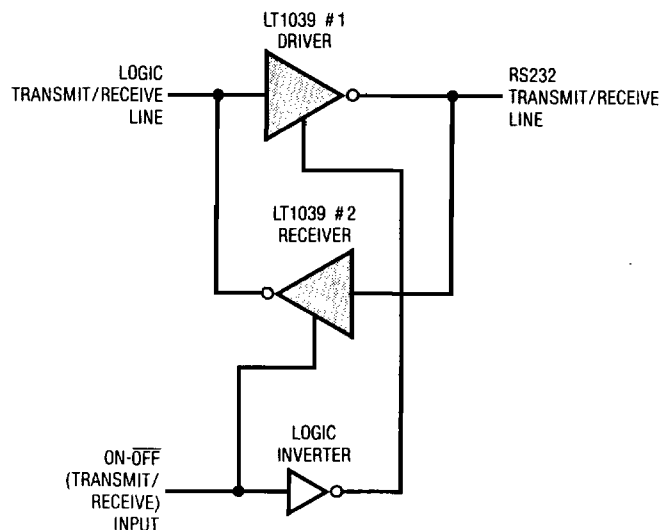
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APPLICATION HINTS

To protect against receiver input overloads in excess of ±30V, a voltage clamp can be placed on the data line and still maintain RS232 compatibility.

The receiver input impedance of the LT1039 is nominally 30kΩ. For applications requiring a 5kΩ input impedance, a 5.6kΩ resistor can be connected from the receiver input to ground.

Driver inputs should not be allowed to float. Any unused inputs should be tied to V_{CC}.

The bias pin is used to "keep alive" one receiver while in the SHUTDOWN mode (all other circuitry being inactive). This allows a system to be in SHUTDOWN and still have one active receiver for transferring data. It can also be used to make an RS232 compatible SHUTDOWN control line. Driving the bias pin low through a resistance of 24kΩ to 30kΩ keeps the receiver active. Do not drive the bias pin directly from a logic output without the series resistor. An unused bias pin should be left open.

*FORCES LOGIC INPUT STATE WHEN V_{ON-OFF} IS LOW
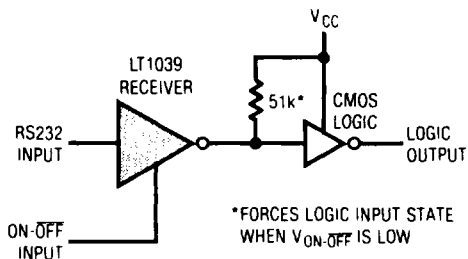
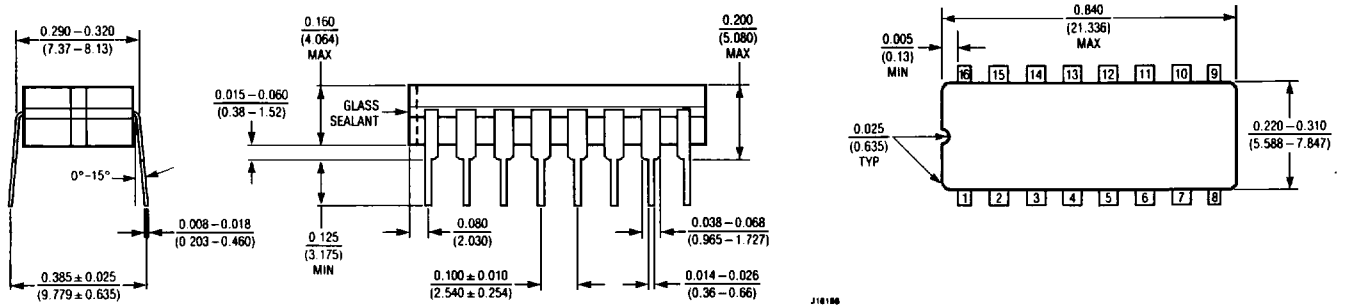**Keeping Alive One Receiver while in SHUTDOWN**
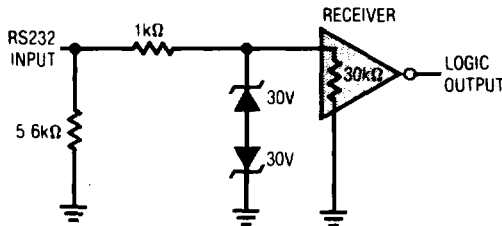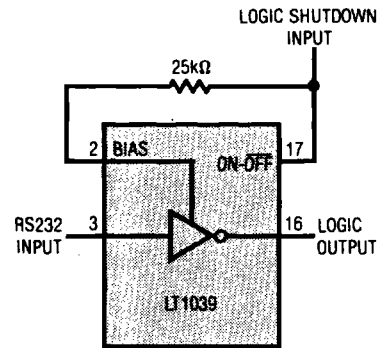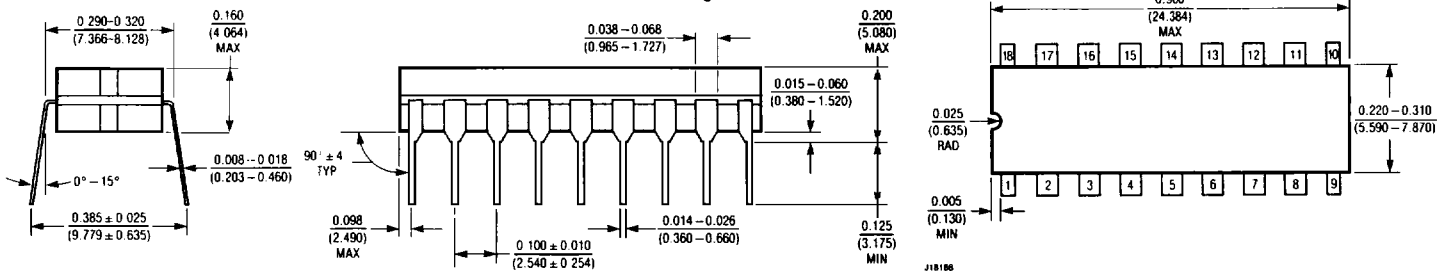

RS232 Compatible SHUTDOWN Control Line
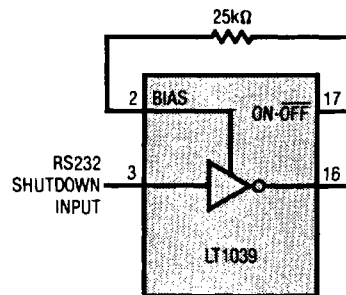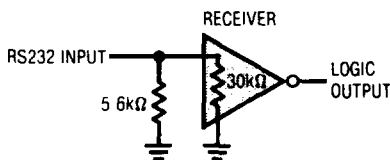
10

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.
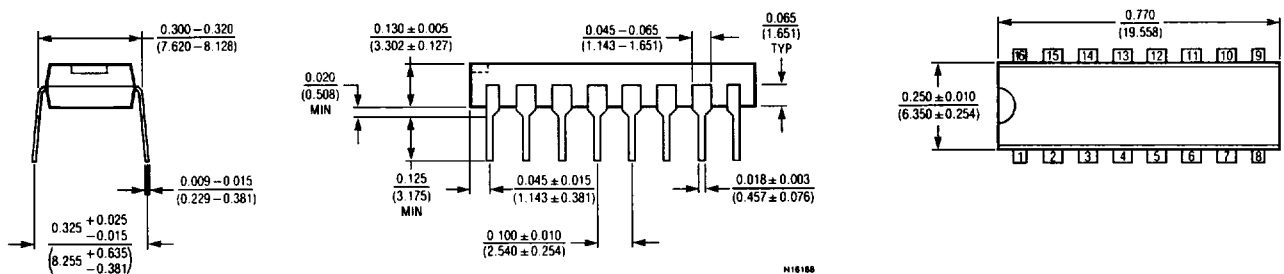
J16 Package Ceramic DIP

	T_jmax	θ_ja	θ_jc
LT1039MJ16	150°C	100°C/W	30°C/W
LT1039CJ16	150°C	100°C/W	30°C/W

J18 Package Ceramic DIP

	T_jmax	θ_ja	θ_jc
LT1039MJ	150°C	100°C/W	40°C/W
LT1039CJ	150°C	100°C/W	40°C/W

N16 Package Plastic DIP

	T_jmax	θ_ja	θ_jc
LT1039CN16	85°C	140°C/W	50°C/W

N18 Package Plastic DIP
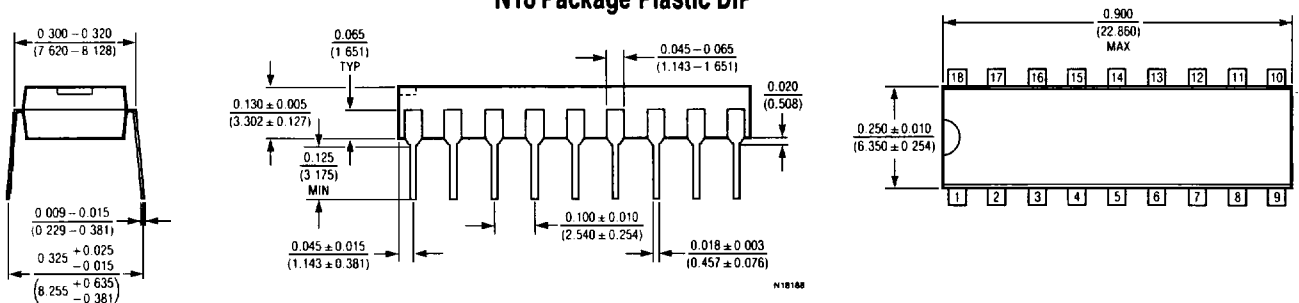
	T_jmax	θ_ja	θ_jc
LT1039CN	85°C	120°C/W	50°C/W

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