

# LM102/LM302 Voltage Followers

### **General Description**

The LM102 series are high-gain operational amplifiers designed specifically for unity-gain voltage follower applications. Built on a single silicon chip, the devices incorporate advanced processing techniques to obtain very low input current and high input impedance. Further, the input transistors are operated at zero collector-base voltage to virtually eliminate high temperature leakage currents. It can therefore be operated in a temperature stabilized component oven to get extremely low input currents and low offset voltage drift.

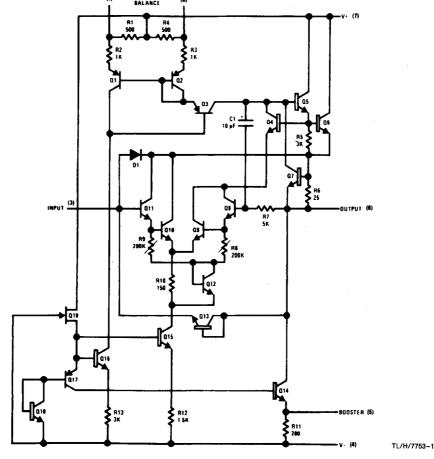
The LM102, which is designed to operate with supply voltages between  $\pm 12$ V and  $\pm 15$ V, also features low input capacitance as well as excellent small signal and large signal frequency response—all of which minimize high fre-

quency gain error. Because of the low wiring capacitances inherent in monolithic construction, this fast operation can be realized without increasing power consumption.

#### **Features**

- Fast slewing 10V/µs
- Low input current 10 nA (max)
- High input resistance 10,000 MΩ
- No external frequency compensation required
- Simple offset balancing with optional 1 kΩ potentiometer
- Plug-in replacement for both the LM101 and LM709 in voltage follower applications





## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications. (Note 6)

Supply Voltage ± 18V Power Dissipation (Note 1) 500 mW

Input Voltage (Note 2) ± 15V

Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3) Indefinite

Operating Free Air Temperature Range

LM102 -55°C to +125°C LM302 0°C to +70°C

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) 300°C

ESD rating to be determined.

#### **Electrical Characteristics** (Note 4)

Parameter	Conditions	LM102			LM302			Units
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Туре	Max	Oille
Input Offset Voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		2	5		5	15	m۷
Input Bias Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		3	10		10	30	nA
Input Resistance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	10 <sup>10</sup>	1012		10 <sup>9</sup>	1012		Ω
Input Capacitance				3.0		3.0		pF
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_S \pm 15V,$ $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V, R_L = 8 \text{ k}\Omega$	0.999	0.9996		0.9985	0.9995	1.0	V/V
Output Resistance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		0.8	2.5		0.8	2.5	Ω
Supply Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		3.5	5.5		3.5	5.5	mA
Input Offset Voltage				7.5			20	mV
Offset Voltage Temperature Drift			6			20		μV/°C
Input Bias Current	$T_A = T_A MAX$ $T_A = T_A MIN$		3 30	10 100		3.0 20	15 50	nA nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	0.999						
Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ (Note 5)	± 10			±10			٧
Supply Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C		2.6	4.0				mA
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	±12V ≤ V <sub>S</sub> ≤ ±15V	60			60			dB

Note 1: The maximum junction temperature of the LM102 is 150°C, while that of the LM302 is 85°C. For operating at elevated temperatures, devices in the H08 package must be derated based on a thermal resistance of 150°C/W, junction to ambient, or 20°C/W, junction to case.

Note 2: For supply voltages less than ±15V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

Note 3: It is necessary to insert a resistor (at least 5k and preferably 10k) in series with the input pin when the amplifier is driven from low impedance sources to prevent damage when the output is shorted and to ensure stability.

Note 4: These specifications apply for  $\pm 12 \text{V} \le \text{V}_{\text{S}} \le \pm 15 \text{V}$  and  $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$  for the LM102 and  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{A}} \le 70^{\circ}\text{C}$  for the LM302 unless otherwise specified.

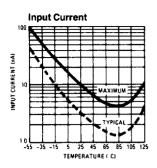
Note 5: Increased output swing under load can be obtained by connecting an external resistor between the booster and V<sup>-</sup> terminals. See curve.

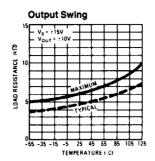
Note 6: Refer to RETS102X for the LM102H military specifications.

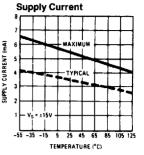
#### **APPLICATION HINT**

The input must be driven from a source impedance of typically 10 k $\Omega$  (5 k $\Omega$  Min) to maintain stability. The total source impedance will be reduced at high frequencies if there is stray capacitance at the input pin. In these cases, a 10 k $\Omega$  resistor should be inserted in series with the input, physically close to the input pin to minimize the stray capacitance and prevent oscillation.

## **Guaranteed Performance Characteristics LM102**

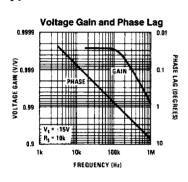


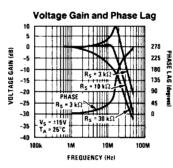


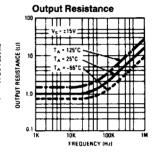


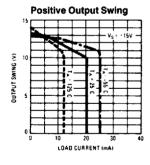
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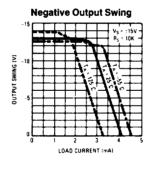
## **Typical Performance Characteristics LM102**

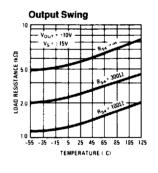


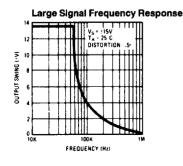


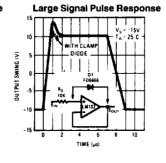


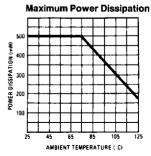






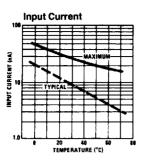


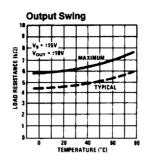


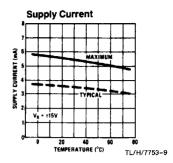


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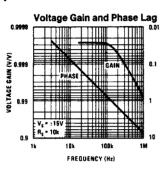
## **Guaranteed Performance Characteristics LM302**

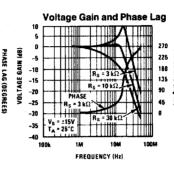


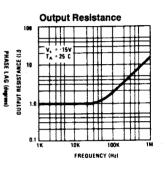


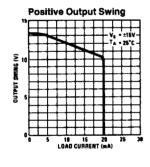


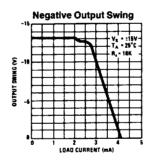
### Typical Performance Characteristics LM302

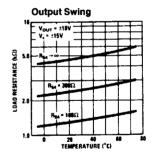


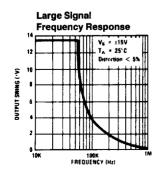


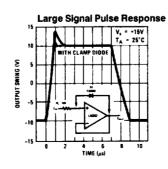


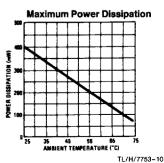






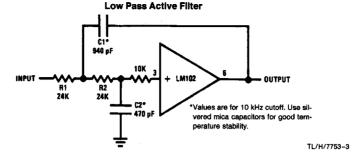




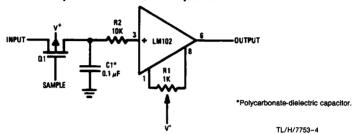


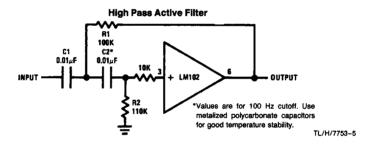
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## **Typical Applications**

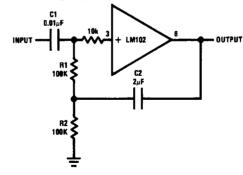


#### Sample and Hold with Offset Adjustment



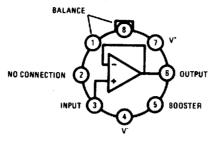


#### High input impedance AC Amplifier



# **Connection Diagram**

Metal Can Package Top View



TL/H/7753-2

Order Number LM102H/883 See NS Package Number H08C