

SUPER FLUX LED LAMP



Features

- High current operation for greater luminous output
- Low Power Consumption and thermal resistance
- Can be used with automatic insertion equipment
- RoHS Compliant





Benefits:

- •Rugged design allows for easy maintenance
- •Robust package for optimum reliability

Typical Applications:

- •Automotive side markers
- •Gaming and entertainment lighting
- •Signs and road hazard indicators



ATTENTION OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVE DEVICES

Package Schematics	
7.62[0.3] 7.62[0.3] R0.7[R0.028] 93.2[0.126]	
## 1.5[0.059] 0.4[0.016] 0.75[0.03] 5°TYP. 0.4[0.016] 0.75[0.03] 5.08[0.2]	

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25(0.01")$ unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Absolute Maximum Rating (T _A =25°C)	M2DG (InGaN)	Unit			
Reverse Voltage	V_{R}	5	V		
DC Forward Current	I_{F}	30	mA		
Power Dissipation	123	mW			
Operating Temperature	-40 ~ +85	°C			
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 ~ +85			
Electrostatic Discharge Thres (HBM)	450	V			
Lead Solder Temperature [1.5mm Below Seating Plane.]	260°C For 5 Seconds				

Operating Characteristics (T _A =25°C)	M2DG (InGaN)	Unit	
Forward Voltage (Typ.) (I _F =30mA)	V_{F}	3.3	V
Forward Voltage (Max.) (I _F =30mA)	V_{F}	4.1	V
Reverse Current (Max.) (V _R =5V)	I_{R}	50	uA
Wavelength of Peak Emission CIE127-2007*(Typ.) (I _F =30mA)	λР	520*	nm
Wavelength of Dominant Emission CIE127-2007*(Typ.) (I _F =30mA)	λD	525*	nm
Spectral Line Full Width At Half Maximum (Typ.) (I _F =30mA)	$\triangle \lambda$	35	nm
Capacitance (Typ.) (V _F =0V, f=1MHz)	С	100	pF
Thermal Resistance (Typ.)	Rθj-pin	150	°C/W

1.No Reflow soldering .

Part Number	Emitting Color	Emitting Material	Lens-color	Luminous Intensity CIE127-2007* (I _F =30mA) cd		Luminous Flux CIE127-2007* (I _F =30mA) lm	Wavelength CIE127-2007* λP nm	Viewing Angle 20 1/2
				min.	typ.	typ.		
XSM2DG783W	Green	InGaN	Water Clear	7*	10*	5.3*	520*	30°

^{1.}Luminous intensity is measured with an integrating sphere after the device has stabilized.

 $^{2.0\,1/2}$ is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.

^{3.} LEDs are binned according to their Luminous intensity.

^{*}Luminous intensity / luminous flux value and wavelength are in accordance with CIE127-2007 standards.

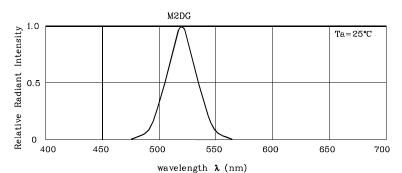


www.SunLEDusa.com

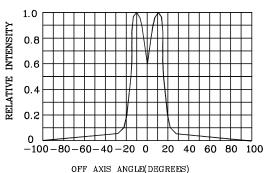
Part Number: XSM2DG783W

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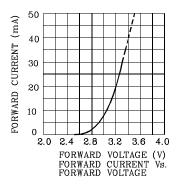


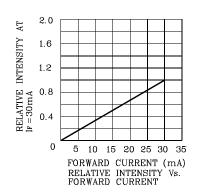
RELATIVE INTENSITY Vs. CIE WAVELENGTH

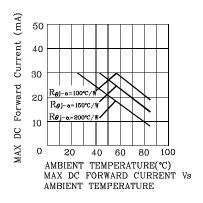


RELATIVE INTENSITY VS OFF AXIS ANGLE

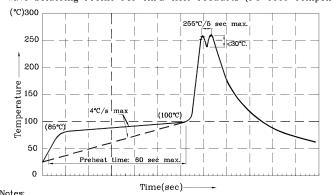
❖ M2DG







Wave Soldering Profile For Thru-Hole Products (Pb-Free Components)



Notes:

1. Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C

1. The learning temperature between 245°C ~ 255°C for 3 sec

2.Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C \sim 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).

3.Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C. 4.Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
5.SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
6.No more than one wave soldering pass.

Remarks:

If special sorting is required (e.g. binning based on forward voltage, luminous intensity / luminous flux, or wavelength),

the typical accuracy of the sorting process is as follows:

1. Wavelength: +/-1nm

2. Luminous Intensity / Luminous Flux: +/-15%

3. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V

Note: Accuracy may depend on the sorting parameters.





PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS

