

## APPROVAL SHEET

# **BROADBAND RFCMF 1220(0508) Series –**RoHS Compliance

MULTILAYER COMMON MODE FILTER

For USB 2.0 / IEEE 1394 Application

### RFCMF1220100M4T series

\*Contents in this sheet are subject to change without prior notice



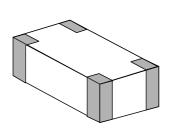
#### **FEATURES**

- 1. Multilayer LTCC ( Low Temperature Cofired Ceramics ) Technology
- 2. Reflow solderable SMD Devices
- 3. Miniatured Size 1.2 x 2.0 x 1.0 mm<sup>3</sup>
- 4. Low Differential Mode Insertion Loss maximum 1.0 dB @ 240MHz
- 5. High Common Mode attenuation minimum 9.0dB @ 130MHz ~ 1.0GHz
- 6. Special 3D layout design to minimize phase shifting

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- 1. USB 2.0/ IEEE 1394 high speed data transmission
- 2. PC related, DSC, Scanner, Data Storage Devices, CD ROM R/W, Printer

#### **CONSTRUCTION** and Schematic



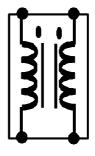


Fig 1. Outline of 1220 size Common Mode Filter and Schematics

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Walsin Technology Corporation develops a new ceramic Common Mode Filter specified for the EMI suppression on USB 2.0/ IEEE 1394 high speed data transmission, as shown in fig-1. The new specification, USB 2.0 released in April 2000, describes a high-speed of 480 Mbps. The major goal is to replace most of the traditional ports on a PC with one versatile and user-friendly interface. IEEE-1394 has a bus speed of 400 Mbps, and IEEE-1394b proposes to increase this rate to 3.2 Gbps. Under such a high speed, to suppress the serious EMI is a key issue for developer. The Common Mode Filter offered by Walsin Technology Corporation has been designed to a high suppression on Common Mode Noise as well as low insertion loss characteristics on Differential Mode Signal through Walsin's advanced LTCC (Low Temperature Co-fired Ceramic) technology and superior product design via 3D EM Simulation Skill.

This Common Mode Filter has a rectangular ceramic body with a tiny dimension of 1.2 x 2.0 x 1.0 mm<sup>3</sup> future meet the SMT automation and miniaturization requirements on modern devices.

#### **DIMENSIONS**

Figure	Symbol	Dimension
W	L	1.20 + 0.40/ -0.20 mm
b T	W	2.00 + 0.40/ -0.20 mm
	Т	1.00 ± 0.20 mm
	Р	0.80 ± 0.10 mm
	а	0.45 ± 0.20 mm
<u> </u>	b	0.40 ± 0.20 mm



**Common Mode Attenuation Differential Mode Loss** 

0.96

0.72

#### EL

RFCMF1220100M4T	Specification		
Common Mode Attenuation	Min. 9.0dB @ 130 MHz ~ 1GHz		
Differential Mode Insertion Loss	Max. 1 dB @ 240MHz		
DC Resistance	Max. 2.5 Ω		
Rated Current	200 mA		
Characteristic Impedance ( Differential )	90 Ω (Typical)		
Operating Temperature	- 40 °C ~ +85 °C		
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS			
-10 — -20 —			
9 -			

#### **SOLDER LAND PATTERN**

O

0.24

Figure	Symbol	Dimension (mm)
Land Land	L1	1.20 ± 0.10
	L2	2.60 ± 0.05
	L3	0.80 ± 0.05
	L4	0.40 ± 0.05

0.48

Frequency (GHz)

Line width to be designed to match 50  $\,\Omega$  characteristic impedance, depending on PCB material and thickness.

1.2



#### **RELIABILITY TEST**

Test item	Test condition / Test method	Specification
Solderability JIS C 0050-4.6	*Solder bath temperature : 235 ± 5°C	At least 95% of a surface of each terminal
JESD22-B102D	*Immersion time : $2 \pm 0.5$ sec	electrode must be covered by fresh solder.
	*Solder : Sn3Ag0.5Cu for lead-free	
Leaching (Resistance to dissolution of metallization) IEC 60068-2-58	*Solder bath temperature : $260 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ *Leaching immersion time : $30 \pm 0.5 \text{ sec}$ *Solder : SN63A	Loss of metallization on the edges of each electrode shall not exceed 25%.
Resistance to soldering heat JIS C 0050-5.4	*Preheating temperature : 120~150°C,  1 minute.  *Solder temperature : 270±5°C  *Immersion time : 10±1 sec  *Solder : Sn3Ag0.5Cu for lead-free  Measurement to be made after keeping at room temperature for 24±2 hrs	No mechanical damage.  Samples shall satisfy electrical specification after test.  Loss of metallization on the edges of each electrode shall not exceed 25%.
Drop Test JIS C 0044	*Height: 75 cm  *Test Surface: Rigid surface of concrete or steel.  *Times: 6 surfaces for each units; 2 times for each side.	No mechanical damage.  Samples shall satisfy electrical specification after test.
Adhesive Strength *Pressurizing force : $5N(\le 0603) ; 10N(>0603)$ JIS C 0051- 7.4.3 *Test time : $10\pm1$ sec		No remarkable damage or removal of the termination.
Bending test JIS C 0051- 7.4.1	The middle part of substrate shall be pressurized by means of the pressurizing rod at a rate of about 1 mm/s per second until the deflection becomes 1mm/s and then pressure shall be maintained for 5±1 sec.  Measurement to be made after keeping at room temperature for 24±2 hours	No mechanical damage.  Samples shall satisfy electrical specification after test.

Temperature cycle	1. 30±3 minutes at -40°C±3°C,	No mechanical damage.
JIS C 0025	2. 10~15 minutes at room temperature,	Samples shall satisfy electrical
	3. 30±3 minutes at +85°C±3°C,	specification after test.
	4. 10~15 minutes at room temperature,	
	Total 100 continuous cycles	
	Measurement to be made after keeping at	
	room temperature for 24±2 hrs	
Vibration	*Frequency: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz(1min)	No mechanical damage.
JIS C 0040	*Total amplitude : 1.5mm	Samples shall satisfy electrical specification
	*Test times: 6hrs.(Two hrs each in three	after test.
	mutually perpendicular directions)	
High temperature	*Temperature : 85°C±2°C	No mechanical damage.
JIS C 0021	*Test duration : 1000+24/-0 hours	Samples shall satisfy electrical specification
	Measurement to be made after keeping at	after test.
	room temperature for 24±2 hrs	
Humidity	*Humidity: 90% to 95% R.H.	No mechanical damage.
(steady conditions)	*Temperature : 40±2°C	Samples shall satisfy electrical specification
JIS C 0022	*Time: 1000+24/-0 hrs.	after test.
	Measurement to be made after keeping at	
	room temperature for 24±2 hrs	
	1000hrs data	
Low temperature	*Temperature : -40°C±2°C	No mechanical damage.
JIS C 0020	*Test duration: 1000+24/-0 hours	Samples shall satisfy electrical specification
	Measurement to be made after keeping at	after test.
	room temperature for 24±2 hrs	

#### **SOLDERING CONDITION**

Typical examples of soldering processes that provide reliable joints without any damage are given in Fig 2,

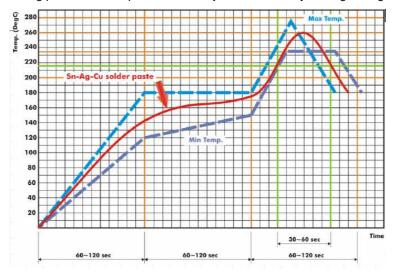
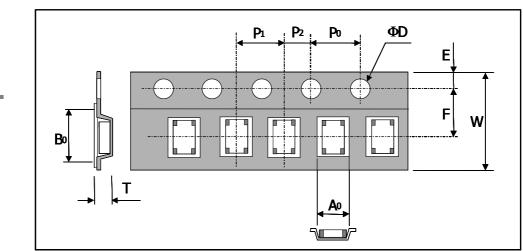


Fig 2. Infrared soldering profile

#### **ORDERING CODE**

RF	CMF	122010	0	M	4	Т
Walsin	Product	Dimension	Unit of	Application	Specification	Packing
RF device	Code	code	dimension	M: USB 2.0/	Design Code	T:7" Reeled
	CMF:	122010 = Width	0 : 0.1 mm	IEEE1394		
	Common	12 , Length 20,	1 : 1.0 mm			
	Mode	Thickness 10				
	Filter					

#### **PACKAGING**

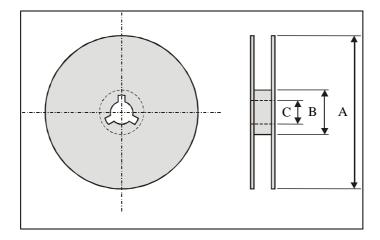


Plastic Tape specifications (unit :mm)

Index	Ao	Во	ΦD	Т	W
Dimension (mm)	1.52 ± 0.10	$2.34 \pm 0.10$	1.55 ± 0.10	$1.22 \pm 0.10$	$8.0 \pm 0.30$
Index	Е	F	Po	P1	P2
Dimension (mm)	1.75 ± 0.10	$3.50 \pm 0.05$	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$2.00 \pm 0.10$



#### **Reel dimensions**



Index	А	В	С
Dimension (mm)	Φ178	Φ60.0	Ф13.5

Typing Quantity: 2000 pieces per 7" reel

#### **CAUTION OF HANDLING**

#### **Limitation of Applications**

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects, which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- (1) Aircraft equipment
- (2) Aerospace equipment
- (3) Undersea equipment
- (4) Medical equipment
- (5) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- (6) Traffic signal equipment
- (7) Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- (8) Applications of similar complexity and /or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

#### Storage condition

- (1) Products should be used in 6 months from the day of WALSIN outgoing inspection, which can be confirmed.
- (2) Storage environment condition.
  - Products should be storage in the warehouse on the following conditions.

■ Temperature : -10 to +40°C

Humidity : 30 to 70% relative humidity

- Don't keep products in corrosive gases such as sulfur. Chlorine gas or acid or it may cause oxidization of electrode, resulting in poor solderability.
- Products should be storage on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and son on.
- Products should be storage in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.
- Products should be storage under the airtight packaged condition.