

## Features

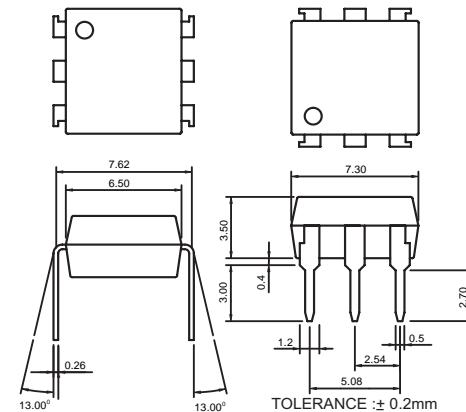
1. High sensitivity.
2. TTL and LSTTL compatible output.
3. Operating supply voltage range.  
(Vcc 4.5V to 17V)
4. Output form pull-up resistor built-in type.
5. Low output current dissipation.  
(IccL: MAX. 3.8mA)
6. High isolation voltage between input and output.  
(Viso: 5000VRMS)
7. Available package types: DIP(shown)/ SMD / H (Page: 137).

**Part Numbering System:** Page 3. **Part Marking System:** Page 4.

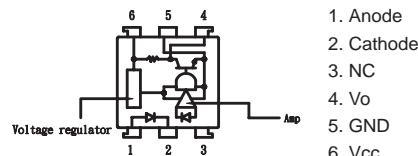
## Applications

1. Computer terminals.
2. High speed line receivers.
3. Interfaces with various data transmission equipment.
4. Switching regulators.

## Outside Dimension: Unit (mm)



## Schematic: Top View



(Ta=25°C)

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	50	mA
	Peak forward current	I <sub>FM</sub>	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	6	V
	Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	70	mW
Output	Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5+0.17	A
	Output current	I <sub>O</sub>	50	A
	Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	150	mW
	Total power dissipation	P <sub>TOT</sub>	170	mW
	Isolation voltage 1 minute	V <sub>ISO</sub>	5000	Vrms
Operating temperature		T <sub>OPR</sub>	-25 to +85	°C
Storage temperature		T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 to +125	°C
Soldering temperature		T <sub>SOL</sub>	260	°C

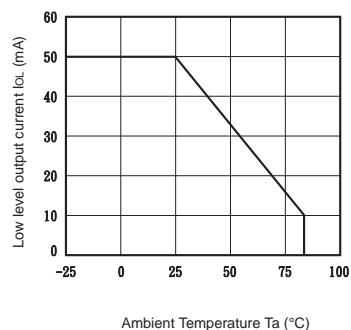
## Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta=25°C)

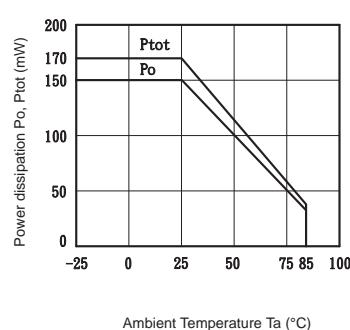
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	—	1.2	1.4	V
	Peak forward voltage	V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> =0.5A	—	—	3.5	V
	Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =4V	—	—	10	uA
	Terminal capacitance	C <sub>T</sub>	V=0, f=1kHz	—	30	—	pF
Output	Operating supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5	—	17	V
	Low level output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> =16mA, V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, I <sub>F</sub> =4mA	—	0.15	0.4	V
	High level output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, I <sub>F</sub> =0	3.5	—	—	V
	Low level supply current	I <sub>CCL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, I <sub>F</sub> =1mA	—	1.7	3.8	mA
	High level supply current	I <sub>CH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, I <sub>F</sub> =0	—	0.7	2.2	mA
Transfer characteristics	"High-Low" Threshold input current	I <sub>FHL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, R <sub>L</sub> =280ohm	—	0.5	1.0	mA
	"Low-High" Threshold input current	I <sub>FLH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, R <sub>L</sub> =280ohm	0.1	0.4	—	mA
	Hysteresis	I <sub>FLH</sub> /I <sub>FHL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, R <sub>L</sub> =280ohm	—	0.8	—	—
	Isolation resistance	R <sub>ISO</sub>	T <sub>a</sub> =25°C, DC500V	5x10 <sup>10</sup>	10 <sup>11</sup>	—	ohm
	"High-Low" propagation delay time	t <sub>PHL</sub>	T <sub>a</sub> =25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> =5V,	—	3	9	us
	"Low-High" propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =1mA, R <sub>L</sub> =280ohm	—	5	15	
	Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =1mA, R <sub>L</sub> =280ohm	—	0.05	0.5	
	Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =1mA, R <sub>L</sub> =280ohm	—	0.1	0.5	



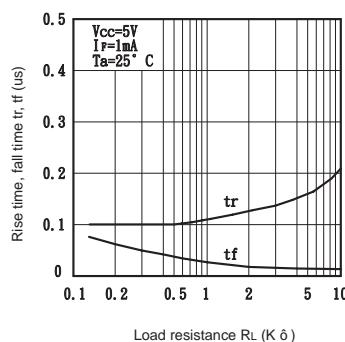
**Fig.1** Low Level Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature



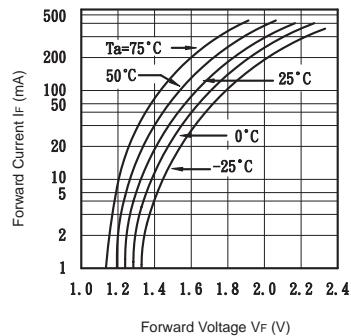
**Fig.2** Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



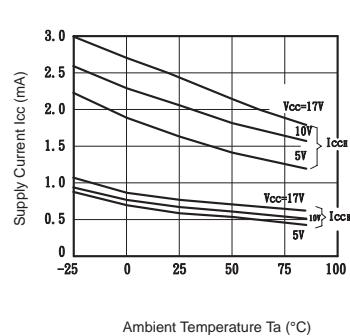
**Fig.3** Rise Time, Fall Time vs. Load Resistance



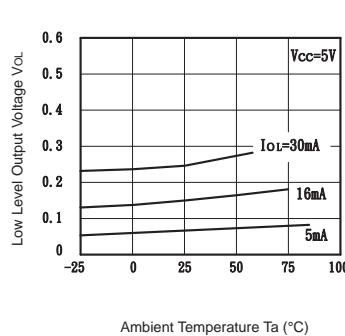
**Fig.4** Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



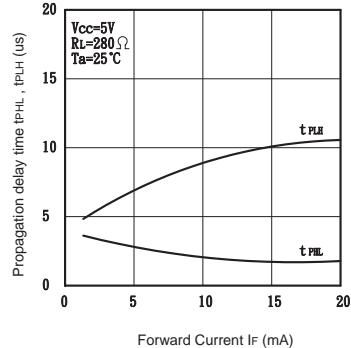
**Fig.5** Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature



**Fig.6** Low Level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



**Fig.7** Propagation Delay Time vs. Forward Current



**Fig.8** Low Level Output Voltage vs. Low Level Output Current

